Table 1: Definition of Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock

Term	Definition
Severe sepsis	Sepsis plus one of the following: cardiovascular organ dysfunction OR acute respiratory distress
	syndrome OR two or more other organ dysfunctions.
Sepsis	Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome (SIRS) in the presence of, or as a result of, suspected or
	proven infection
SIRS	The presence of at least two of the following four criteria, one of which must be abnormal
	temperature or leukocyte count:
	 Core temperature of > 38.5°C or < 36°C.
	 Tachycardia, defined as a mean heart rate > 2 SD above normal for age in the absence of
	external stimulus, chronic drugs, or painful stimuli; or otherwise unexplained persistent
	elevation over a 0.5-to 4-hr time period OR for children <1 yr old: bradycardia, defined as a
	mean heart rate <10th percentile for age in the absence of external vagal stimulus, β -
	blocker drugs, or congenital heart disease; or otherwise unexplained persistent depression
	over a 0.5-hr time period.
	 Mean respiratory rate > 2 SD above normal for age or mechanical ventilation for an acute
	process not related to underlying neuromuscular disease or the receipt of general
	anesthesia.
	Leukocyte count elevated or depressed for age (not secondary to chemotherapy-induced
	leukopenia) or > 10% immature neutrophils.
Infection	A suspected or proven (by positive culture, tissue stain, or polymerase chain reaction test) infection
	caused by any pathogen OR a clinical syndrome associated with a high probability of infection.
	Evidence of infection includes positive findings on clinical exam, imaging, or laboratory tests (e.g.,
	white blood cells in a normally sterile body fluid, perforated viscus, chest radiograph consistent with
Current at a	pneumonia, petechial or purpuric rash, or purpura fulminans).
Suspected	Infection is suspected when one of the following is documented: • Orders for antibiotics OR
infection	
	Antibiotics administered OR Orders for units blood or antipal subtract OR
	Orders for urine, blood or spinal culture OR
	Urine, blood or spinal culture drawn OR
	Chart notation of: "Only and infection" OD
	"Rule out infection" OR "Guaranteed infection" OR
	"Suspected infection" OR "Child subscript" OP
	• "Rule out sepsis" OR
	"Suspected sepsis"

Term	Definition			
Organ	Cardiovascular			
dysfunctions	Despite administration of isotonic intravenous fluid bolus \geq 40 mL/kg in 1 hour,			
	• Decrease in BP (hypotension) < 5th percentile for age or systolic BP < 2 SD below normal for			
	age OR			
	 Need for vasoactive drug to maintain BP in normal range (dopamine > 5 μg/kg/min or 			
	dobutamine, epinephrine, or norepinephrine at any dose) OR			
	OR			
	<u>Two of the following</u> :			
	 Unexplained metabolic acidosis: base deficit > 5.0 mEq/L 			
	 Increased arterial lactate > 2 times upper limit of normal 			
	 Oliguria: urine output < 0.5 mL/kg/hr 			
	 Prolonged capillary refill: > 5 seconds 			
	 Core to peripheral temperature gap > 3°C 			
	Respiratory			
	 PaO₂/FIO₂ < 300 in absence of cyanotic heart disease or preexisting lung disease 			
	OR			
	 PaCO₂ > 65 torr or 20 mm Hg over baseline PaCO₂ 			
	OR			
	 Proven need or > 50% FIO₂ to maintain saturation ≥ 92% OR 			
	Need for non-elective invasive or noninvasive mechanical ventilation			
	Neurologic			
	 Glasgow Coma Score ≤ 11 			
	OR			
	 Acute change in mental status with a decrease in Glasgow Coma Score ≥ 3 points from 			
	abnormal baseline			
	Hematologic			
	• Platelet count < 80,000/mm ³ or a decline of 50% in platelet count from highest value			
	recorded over the past 3 days (for chronic hematology/oncology patients)			
	OR			
	 International normalized ratio >2 			
	Renal			
	 Serum creatinine ≥ 2 times upper limit of normal for age or 2-fold increase in baseline 			
	creatinine			
	Hepatic			
	• Total bilirubin $\geq 4 \text{ mg/dL}$ (not applicable for newborn)			
	OR			
	ALT 2 times upper limit of normal for age			
Septic Shock	Sepsis and cardiovascular organ dysfunction			

Table 2: Codes to Identify Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock

Condition Name	ICD-9 Code(s)
Septicemia	038.xx
Streptococcal septicemia	038.0
Staphylococcal septicemia	038.1
Staphylococcal septicemia, unspecified	038.10
Methicillin susceptible Staphylococcus aureus septicemia	038.11
Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus septicemia	038.12
Other staphylococcal septicemia	038.19
Pneumococcal septicemia [Streptococcus pneumoniae septicemia]	038.2
Septicemia due to anaerobes	038.3
Septicemia due to other gram-negative organisms	038.4

Condition Name	ICD-9 Code(s)
Septicemia due to gram-negative organism, unspecified	038.40
Septicemia due to Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]	038.41
Septicemia due to escherichia coli [E. coli]	038.42
Septicemia due to pseudomonas	038.43
Septicemia due to serratia	038.44
Other septicemia due to gram-negative organisms	038.49
Other specified septicemias	038.8
Unspecified septicemia	038.9
Severe sepsis	995.92
Sepsis	995.91
Septicemia [sepsis] of newborn	771.81
Systemic inflammatory response syndrome due to non-infectious process with acute organ dysfunction	995.94
Bacteremia	790.7
Septic shock	785.52